KONOPLYANTSEV, A.A.; SEMENOV, S.M.; GOLUB', A.G.; KARATLUYEVA, S.S.

Regionalization of the northern slope of the Trans-Ili Alatau and the alluvial Ili Depression adjacent to it according to the characteristics of the regime of ground waters. Trudy VSEGINGEO no.10:139-151 '64.

(MIRA 17:10)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut gidrogeologii i inzhenernoy geologii.

CIA-RDP86-00513R000720510017-8" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

MITOV, G.; VELICKOV, V.; STEFANOVA, Z.; NINOV, N.; KAPRELIAN, G.; PANAIOTOV, P.

On the problem of the effectiveness of live polio vaccine and the eradication of poliomyelitis in Bulgaria. Nauch. tr. vissh. med. inst. Sofiia 43 no.4:33-37 '64

1. Chair of Microbiology and Virology (Director: Prof. Sv. Bardarov).

KAPRELYAN, N.G.

At the Shaumian Leningrad Plant. Neftianik 7 no.11:13-14 N '62. (MIRA 16:6)

(Leningrad-Lubrication and lubricants)

KAPRELYAN, R.

85-8-13/18

AUTHOR:

Kaprelyan, R., Test Pilot First Class

TITLE:

Helicopter Mi-l and its Control. Horizontal Flight. | Vertolet Mi-li upravleniye im; gorizontal nyypolet

PERIODICAL: Kryl'ya Rodiny, 1957, Nr 8, App. 24-25 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The author of the article asserts that flight on a helicopter (under good atmospheric conditions) presents for the pilot the same feeling as the flight in an airplane. However, in the helicopter, the pilot feels less the so called "jolting" than in an airplane. It is explained by the fact that the charge on the aircraft caused by the displacement of air masses affects directly the lifting rotor, and the helicopter's fuselage, which is "suspended" from the rotor is exposed in a considerably less degree to the jolting forces of this charge. The helicopter pilot has no difficulty in regard to visual orientation, because the cockpit assures him good visibility. If the helicopter is well balanced in flight, the trimming force on the control stick and pedals is insignificant. In a lengthy flight the helicopter pilot does not feel fatigue. Differently than in airplane, the helicopter in a horizontal flight may have

Card 1/8

Helicopter Mi-1 and its Control (Cont.)

是一种企业的主义的人,但是不是一种的人,但是不是一种的人,但是一个人,也是一个人,也是一个人,也是一个人,也是一个人,也是一个人,也是一个人,也是一个人,也是一

fairly large variety of air speeds. In the helicopter Mi-1 speed may vary from 40 km/h to 170 km/h. Also are possible flights at a smaller speed than 40 km/h. For instance, the helicopter flying to dust the fields may operate under the speed of 15-30 km/h, at altitudes of 5-10 m. The author asserts that because of burbling (he had explained the phenomenon in his previous article in the same periodical) the air speeds of a helicopter in a horizontal flight are limited in a following way:

-above the ground: 170 km/h -at the altitude of 1000 m: 165 km/h -at the altitude of 2000 m: 160 km/h -at the altitude of 3000 m: 150 km/h

The author mentions that the burbling occurs in an airplane flight when the air speed is small and the angle of attack of the wing is still increasing. In a helicopter this phenomenon occurs at a high speed. It is caused by the difference in the speed of attacking rotor blade and the speed of the flight, i.e., that the rotor blade meets the air stream with the speed Card 2/8

Helicopter Mi-1 and its Control (Cont.)

reduced in regard to increased speed of the flight. In order to produce the necessary lift, the pilot of a helicopter must increase the angle of attack of the rotor blade, but not beyond the critical angle because it will cause the burbling. The various setting of the angle of attack among the rotor blades depends on the magnitude and direction of the air stream penetrating through the rotor. In a horizontal flight the angle of attack on the tips of the rotor blades increase more quickly than on the part close to the setting of the blade in a rotor hub. The rotor blades of the helicopter Mi-l has an even development of the twist, which at the end of the blade attains its maximum magnitude of 4 degrees (S= 4°). The burble in a helicopter causes strong vibration and deteriorates the controllability of the aircraft to a danger point. If the pilot continues to accelerate the speed the controllability may be lost entirely and then the forced landing may cause a crash of the machine. The burble may be avoided. For this purpose the pilot, by pushing down the collective pitch control lever, and pulling on the control stick, should reduce speed. The burble is also possible if the pilot does not watch the engine revo-Card 3/8

Helicopter Mi-1 and its Control (Cont.)

lutions which should not fall below 1700 r/min. Decrease of the engine revolutions has the same effect in the helicopter as the loss of speed in an airplane. The best altitude for a lengthy itinerary flight is 800-1000 m and the most convenient speed -135 - 140 km/h. The throttle corrector should be completely cut off (the pilot should turn it left to the stop point). Lifting . rotor pitch about 10.5 degrees Engine revolutions - 1800 -1850 r/min. Keeping above mentioned mode of operation in flight, the pilot will obtain a range of flight of 385 km and duration of flight 2hrs 45 min. The maximum duration of flight of 3 hrs 24 min. may be obtained at the altitude of 1000 m, with speed -90 km/min. and the throttle corrector cut off. Control of the engine and transmission is determined by the following data: temperature of the cylinder heads - minimum 120 CG, maximum 240 CG., (but not longer than 15 minutes); recommended temperatures - 180 - 220 CG. The temperature of the incoming engine oil minimum 40 CG., maximum 85 CG. (but not longer than 15 minutes); recommended engine oil temperature - 55-65 CO. Gas pressure: 0.15 - 0.30 kg/sq cm. Oil pressure: in the engine: Card 4/8

Helicopter Mi-1 and its Control (Cont.)

5 - 7 kg/sq cm.. in the reducer of the engine: 1 - 3 kg/sq cm. in the reducer of the lifting rotor: 2 - 5 kg/sq cm. Oil temperature in the lifting rotor reducer: 35-95 CG. As soon as the pilot has gained the predetermined altitude in a horizontal flight, he establishes the corresponding angle and revolutions of the lifting rotor by proper movement of the collective pitch control lever and throttle corrector. The magnitude of this angle and the number of revolutions depend on the predetermined ground speed. At the same time, the pilot acting with the lat-. eral and longitudinal trimming mechanism releases correspondingly the efforts on the helicopter's controls. According to the character of sliding (to the left or to the right), which may be unnoticed by the pilot, the position of the small ball in the bank and turn indicator will be changed. By proper use of the controls the pilot keeps the small ball right in the center of the indicator. The sketches of the band and turn indicator (Fig. 1-3) show the positions of the small ball. The pilot maintains the helicopter in a horizontal flight by checking the corresponding instruments: air speed indicator, altimeter and variometer. The author cites an example on how to keep the aircraft at the indicated speed. The author recommends that in a lengthy flight under good atmospheric conditions the collective pitch control lever should be fixed on the stopping Card 5/8

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85-8-13/18

Helicopter Mi-1 and its Control (Cont.)

notch, thus enabling the pilot to make free his left hand. The position of the pilot in his seat should be such that after 2-3 hours of flight he should not feel any fatigue. Air navigation safety in a helicopter, as in an airplane is realized by means of: conventional compasses, gyro horizon, radio compass 10 [RPK-10], and command radio sets. In order to increase the speed in a horizontal flight, which requires more attention than in an airplane), the pilot turns the handle of the throttle corrector to the right; also this may be obtained by pulling up the collective pitch control lever. The increase of engine revolutions will produce a tendency in a helicopter to climb (and vice versa, decrease of engine power will have a tendency to lower) if the control stick remains in the same position. Consequently, in case of change of mode of horizontal flight, the pilot must keep direction by means of pedals and the altitude by proper movement of the control stickleyclic pitch control leverl. The mode of operation of the engine is controlled by the collective pitch control lever and throttle corrector. It is important that in a helicopter all the movements of the Card 6/8

Helicopter Mi-l and its Control (Cont.)

pilot should be smooth and well coordinated. In the change of mode of flight in an airplane participate: pedals, thrust unit, and control wheel, whereas in a helicopter is added one more element: the throttle corrector. Correct stowage plays a substantial role in the balance of the helicopter. In case the center of gravity is too much to the front, the helicopter may have a tendency to dive (pitching nose forward) to such a degree that pilot will be unable to keep it in a predetermined mode of flight only by means of the control stick. In case of rear centering, the helicopter will have a tendency to raise his nose up. The author illustrates both cases with sketches [Fig. 4 and 5]. The scope of normal centering for the helicopter Mi-1 may be expressed in the following way: X- center of gravity from -0.52 to / 0.160. The horizontal turn of the helicopter should be effected with the bank up to 30 degrees, and at the speed of 100-120 km/h. The pilot of a helicopter cannot visualize the bank because the helicopter has no wings, therefore, he must check the bank according to the position of the miniature aircraft in gyro horizon. After completion of horizontal flight, the helicopter approaches the landing spot. In spite of the possibility of landing vertically, the helicopter in Card 7/8

Helicopter Mi-1 and its Control (Cont.)

most cases lands by gliding with the working engine. For helicopter Mi-l the gliding is permitted at the following indicated speeds, depending on the altitude of flight:

3000 m - 2000 m: 80 to 130 km/h, 2000 m - 1000 m: 70 to 140 km/h, 1000 m - the ground: 40 to 140 km/h.

The most convenient speed for gliding is 100 km/h. During gliding the pilot should check with special attention the temperature of the power plant. The cylinder heads should not be cooled below 120 CG. Proper temperature is kept by opening and closing the engine flaps and oil radiators. The corresponding levers are located on the floor of the cockpit, on the lefthand side from the pilot's seat. The article contains 5 sketches.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 8/8

85-58-4-19/36

AUTHOR: Kaprelyan, R., Test Pilot 1st Class

TITLE: The Mi-1 Helicopter and Its Control (Vertolet Mi-1 i upravleniye im)
Landing the Helicopter (Posadka vertoleta)

PERIODICAL: Kryl'ya rodiny, 1958, Nr 4, pp 20-22 (USSR)

ARSTRACT: The author describes in detail various ways of landing the Mi-l helicopter, i.e., vertical landings, skipplane type landings, landing by autorotation of the rotor, landing in a limited area. He also discusses blind flying in the Mi-l. There are 6 drawings.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

1. Helicopters-Performance

Card 1/1

KAPRELYAN, R., zasluzhennyy letchik-ispytatel SSSR

The most powerful and most rapid. Kryl.rod. 13 no.12:15 D '62. (MIRA 16:2)

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Automatic pilot in a helicopter. Av.i kosm. 45 no.4:63-66 Ap
'63. (Helicopters) (Automatic pilot (Airplanes))

85-58-1-8/28

Kaprelyan, R. I., Test Pilot 1st Class

Records Made by the Mi-6 Helicopter (Rekordy na vertolete TITLE:

Mi-6)

PERIODICAL: Kryl'ya rodiny, 1958, Nr 1, pp 8-9 (USSR)

The author reviews the development of Mi- helicopters ABSTRACT:

deisgned by Mikhail Leont'yevich Mil', Doctor of Technical Sciences. The Mi-1 helicopter built in 1948

had 575 hp and was intended for one pilot and two passengers

Its maximum speed was 190 km/hr, range 340 km. The Mi-4 helicopter had 1700 hp and carried a crew of two and twelve passengers; maximum speed was 205 km/hr, range 400 km. The Mi-6, the largest helicopter in the world, constructed at an experimental plant under the designer's supervision, is a single-rotor helicopter with two turboprop engines, built by P. A. Solov'yev. It carries a crew of 5 for long-range flights and a crew of 3 for short-range

Card 1/3

85-58-1-8/28

Records Made by the Mi-6 Helicopter

flights. The Mi-6 carries 70 passengers and the length of the cabin measures about 19 m, the height about 3 m. The rotor diameter greatly exceeds that of the Mi-4. The record flight was made by a crew that consisted of the author, as captain, copilot German Vital 'yevich Alferov, 23; flight engineer Fedor Semenovich Novikov, and supervising engineer Dmitriy Tikhonovich Matsitskiy, one of the oldest Soviet aeronautical engineers. Other personalities mentioned in connection with flight preparations are: aviation technicians Senin and Shmeley: instrument technicians Stryapushin and Zimakov, and engineers M. Pivovarov, V. Otdelentsev, V. Makarov, Yu. Yaroshinskiy and B. Sivtso The Mi-6 took off from the airport of the Tsentral'nyy aeroklub imeni V. P. Chkalova (Central Aeroclub imeni V. P. Chkalov), loaded with 12.004 kg of sand. a weight equivalent to that of 120 passengers and their luggage. The test was stopped when an altitude of 2432 m was reached; the entire flight lasted 21 minutes and established two new Card 2/3

85-58-1-8/28

Records Made by the Mi-6 Helicopter

world records. The Soviet Mi-6 surpasses the American-made Pyasetskiy helicopter in size, engine power and performance. There are 5 photographs showing: the take-off of the Mi-6; R.I. Kaprelyan (the author) in his cockpit; flight engineer F. S. Novikov, R. I. Kaprelyan and copilot Master of Sports F. V. Alferov; the Mi-6 and Mi-1 helicopters at the USSR Central Airport imeni V. P. Chkalov, and Mikhail Leont'yevich Mil', the designer.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 3/3

KAPRELYAN, R.I.; SOKOLOV, A.B.

Landing of a helicopter under conditions of autorotation of the supporting propeller. Vest.Vozd.Fl. no.6:58-63 Je '61. (MIRA 14:8)

(Helicopters-Piloting)

KAFRELYAN, Tamara O.

[How to protect children from influenza] Kak predokhranit' rebenka ot grippa. Erevan, Aipetrat, 1954. 8 p. (MLRA 10:5) (INFLUENZA)

Min Health armenian SSR

KAPREYSKIY, M. Ya., KHOMUTOV, R. M., BOGDASHOVA, L. S., SEVERIN, Y. E. S. (USSR)

"Synthesis of p-(N-Pyrasoly1)-Alanine."

Report presented at the 5th International Biochemical Congress, Moscow, 10-16 August 1961

RUMANIA / Human and Animal Physiology. Nervous System.

是你的一个人,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的人的

T-10

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 1, 1959, No. 3811

Author

: Kapri, M.; Solomon, S.

Inst

: Rumanian Medical Academy, Iasi Affiliate

Title

: The Phasic States of Reflex Excitability in Spinal Cord Inhibition Due to Action of Ultraviolet Rays

Orig Pub

: Studii si cercetari stiint. Acad. RPR Fil. lasi Med.,

1956, 7, No 1, 31-38

Abstract

: The summation phenomera were studied by Sechenov's method on 36 frogs. Following ultraviolet radiation, a short excitation of the spinal cord centers was noted that changed over to a state of inhibition. Drop of excitability of the skin receptors and change in functional state of the spinal cord centers are the mechanisms that take part in the phasic phenomena (corresponding to the development of parabiosis manifes-

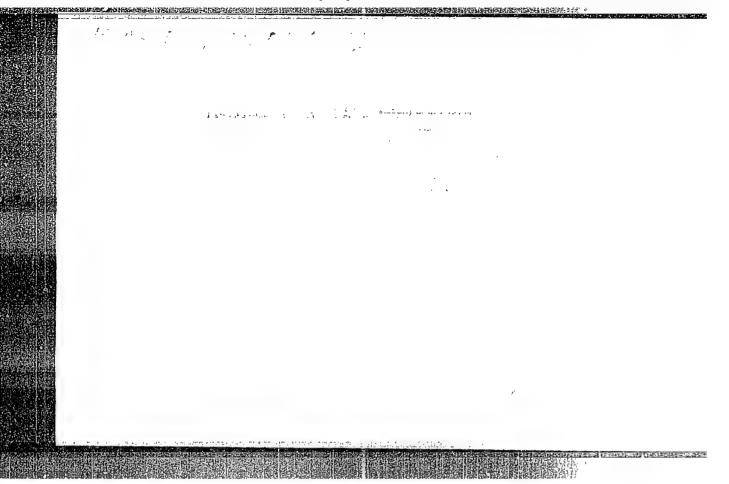
tations). -- K. S. Ratner

Card 1/1

KAPRINAYOVA, S.; LINK, F.

Relation of infusion rate to minimal lethal doses in biological titration of G-strophanthin. Bratisl. lek. listy 31 no. 11-12:1107-1114 1951. (CLML 23:1)

1. Of the Third Department of the Fourth Division of the State Health Institute (SZU).



MARKOV, V.; KAPRINA, S.; BORODIN, K.; SERAPIONOV, N.

Advice to young naturalists. IUn. nat. no.8:34-36 Ag '58.

(Flowers) (Fishing)

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FAGARAZANU, I. [Fagarasanu, I.] (Bukharest); KAPRINIZAN TS, (Bukharest);

BURLUI, D. (Bukharest); KONSTANTINESKU, TS. [Constantinescu, T]

(Bukharest)

Treatment of angira pectoris. Khirurgiia 35 no.10:21-24 0 59.

(MIRA 12:12)
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两种最多是是各种种种的是是有效的是是各种的特殊的。

KAPRIYELOV, G.M.; KARAKHANOV, Ya.

Effect of different concentrations of molybdemum in the environment on content of molybdemum in the blood of frogs. Izv. AN Turk. SSR. Ser. biol. nauk no.1:80-81 '62. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Turkmenskiy gosudarstvennyy meditsinskiy institut.
(MOLYBDENUM—PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)
(FROGS)

KAPRIYELOV. G.M.; OSIPYAN, Kh.O.

Case of adamantinoma of the lower jaw. Zdrav. Turk. 4 no.4:38 J1-Ag '60. (MIRA 13:9)

l. Is kafedry gospital'noy khirurgii (sav. - prof. I.F. Berezin)
Turkmenskogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta im. I.V.Stalina.
i rentgenovskogo otdeleniya gorodskoy klinicheskoy bol'nitsy No.l
(glav. vrach - G.V. Bondar')
(JAWS-TUMORS)

STATEMENT DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P

KAPRIYELOV, G.M.

Atypical case of retention and dystopia of the lower wisdom tooth. Stomatologiia 40 no.2:89 Mr-Ap 161. (MIRA 12:5)

1. Iz kafedry gospital noy khirurgii (zaveduyushchiy - prof. I.F. Berezin) Turkmenskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni I.V.Stalina. (TEETH_ABNORMITIES AND DEFORMITIES)

KAPRIYELOV, G.M.

Apparatus for the single-stage repositioning of tene fractures of the leg. 2012-101-100-4:48-49 J1-Ag '62. (MIRA 15:8)

1. Iz kafedry gospital'noy khirurgii (zav. - chisn-korrespondent AMM SSSR prof. I.F. Berezin) Turkmenskogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(LEG-FRACTURE) (ORTHOPEDIC APPARATUS)

KAPRIYELOV, G.M.

Foreign body in the region of the temporomadibular joint.
Stomatologia 41 no.4:89-90 Jl-Ag '62. (MIRA 15:9)

1. Iz kafedry gospital'noy khirurgii (zav. - prof. I.F.Berezin) Turkmenskogo meditsinskogo instituta. (TEMPOROMANDIBULAR JOINT--FOREIGN BODIES).

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000720510017-8

SOV/124-58-11-12907

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1958, Nr 11, p 149 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Kapriyelov, S.G.

TITLE: A Contribution to the Establishment of Criteria Relative to the

Seepage Flow Regime (K voprosu ob ustanovlenii kriteriya rezhima

fil' tratsii)

PERIODICAL: Azerb. neft. kh-vo, 1955, Nr 1, pp 21-22

是是一个人,我们就是一个人的人,我们也不是一个人的人,我们就是一个人的人的人,我们就是一个人的人的人,我们就是一个人的人,我们就是一个人的人的人,我们就是一个人

ABSTRACT: A brief survey is given of expressions, proposed by various

authors, for the Reynolds number and the coefficient of resistance applicable to the seepage of liquids and gases in a porous medium. The author attempts to analyze the validity of existing formulas and

concludes that they are inadequate.

G. K. Mikhaylov

Card 1/1

ABDURASHITOV, S.A., professor, KAPRIVELOV, S.C.

Hydraulic losses in drill casings. Trudy Azerb. ind. inst. no.8: 33-41 '54. (Oil well drilling) (MLRA 9:10)

124-57-1-795D

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1957, Nr 1, p 106 (USSR)

Kapriyelov, S.C. AUTHOR:

Investigation of the Upper Limit of Applicability of the Linear TITLE:

Law of Filtration (Issledovaniye verkhnego predela primenimosti

lineynogo zakona fil'tratsii)

Bibliographic entry on the author's dissertation for the degree ABSTRACT:

of Candidate of Technical Sciences, presented to the Azerb.

industr. in-t (Azerbaydzhan Industrial Institute), Baku, 1956.

ASSOCIATION: Azerb. industr. in-t (Azerbaydzhan Industrial Institute), Baku

1. Materials--Hydrodynamic characteristics--Bibliography

Card 1/1

化学员主要的种种人对土地的工程中的工程中,但是对人们的工程中的工程的关键,但是不是一种的工程的工程,但是是一种工程的工程的工程的工程,但是是一种工程的工程的工程,

Sexual differences in human leukocytes, and their practical significance. Orv. hetil. 96 no.40:1096-1099 2 Oct 55.

1. A Fovarosi Janos Korhaz Gyernekosztalyanak koslemenye.

(LEUKOCYTES

sex differences, practical application)

(SEX CHARACTERISTICS

sex differences in leukocytes, practical application)

(CHROMOSOMES

sex differences in leukocytes, practical application)

CIA-RDP86-00513R000720510017-8

LASZIO, Ferenc, dr.; KAPROS, Karoly, dr.; ABRANDI, Endre, dr.

Repeated heart arrest during surgery for pheochromocytoma. Orv. hetil. 106 no.30:1419-1420 25 Jl'65.

 Szegedi Orvostudomanyi Egyetem, I. Belklinika (igazgato: Julesz , Miklos, dr.) es Sebeszeti Klinika (igazgato: Petri, Gaber, dr.).

CIA-RDP86-00513R000720510017-8" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000720510017-8

HUNGARY

NEMETH, Andras, Dr. IMRE, Jozsef, Dr. KAPROS, Karoly, Dr. BARADNAY, Gyula, Dr; Medical University of Szeged, I. Surgical Clinic (Szegedi Orvostudomanyi Egyetem, I. Sebeszeti Klinika).

"Results With the Homoio-Transplantation of the Kidneys."

Budapest, Orvosi Hetilap, Vol 104, No 34, 25 Aug 1963, pages 1602-1604.

Abstract: [Authors' Hungarian summary] The authors performed the following 41 kidney transplantations on dogs: 6 auto-transplantation in the neck, 5 in the fossa iliaca; 23 homoio-transplantations in the fossa iliaca and ? homoio-transplantations in the fossa iliaca combined with X-ray treatment. The results, in accordance with data taken from the medical literature, can be summarized by the statement that homoio-transplantation of the kidney is not a technical but an immune-biological problem. Animals which have undergone auto-transplantation remained healthy after several years. In the therapy of humans, however, successful homoio-transplantation is of the greatest importance but, as in the dog experiments, longer survival after this method is impossible without special treatment. Histological tests too, indicate an antigen-antibody reaction as a result of which the host organism rejects the homotransplant within 20-22 days at the latest. In future experiments, the inhibition of this reaction will be attempted. In accordance with the cases reported by Dempster, Hamburger and Kuss on humans, the whole body irradiation of the host, local irradiation of the transplant and simul-1/2

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SHVARTS, D.M.; KAPROSKIY, L.N.

Spectrum analysis of sinc of high purity by means of vacuum sublimation, Eav. lab. 23 no.11:1309-1313 '57. (MIRA 11:1)

1. Institut "Gipronikel'."

(Zinc--Spectra) (Sublimation (Physical sciences))
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KAPROV, S.P.
USSR/Medicine - Tularemia, Epidemiology

FD-2595

Card 1/1

Pub. 148 - 6/25

Author

: Kaprov, S. P.

Title

: The water type reservoir of tularemia

Periodical

Zhur. mikro. epid. i immun. 4, 31-33, Apr 1955

Abstract

: A proposal is made that the type of natural reservoir of tularemia known variously as the mountain-valley type and as the foothill-stream type, according to the practice of naming reservoirs in geographics terms, be called the water type. The role of water contaminated by the excrement and urine of infected water rats and other rodents and of subsequently infected aquatic animals such as mollusks, caddis flies, and frogs is explained. Pasteurella tularensis were isolated from infected streams for as long as 225 days. Human infection occurs through use or contact with the infected water. Vaccination of persons living near infected waterways has proven 100 percent effective. Immunity lasts for as long as five years. The works of six other Soviet scientists in this field are mentioned. No references are cited.

Institution

Tomsk Scientific-Research Institute of Vaccines and Serums (Director Cand Med Sci B. G. Trukhmanov) and the Tomsk Medical Institute

imeni Molotov (Director - Prof. S. P. Khodkevich)

Submitted

December 14, 1955

KAPROV, V.K.

Rural electronic automatic telephone exchange. Vest. sviazi 23 mo.9:5-7 S '63. (MIRA 16:10)

1. Starshiy inzh. Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta gorodskoy i sel'skoy telefonnoy svyazi Ministerstva svyazi SSSR.

KAPROV, V.S.

130-7-13/24

AUTHORS: Kaprov, V.S. and Zhidetskiy, D.P.

TITLE: Accelerated Schedule for Supplying Hot Metal to the Blooming Mill Soaking Pits. (Uskorennyy grafik podachi goryachego metalla k kolodtsam bluminga)

PERIODICAL: Metallurg, 1957, Nr 7, pp.24-26 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The operational research laboratory at the Makeyevka metallurgical works carried out an investigation of the process, by which hot ingots from No.1 melting shop were supplied to the blooming mill. The new accelerated schedules which were drawn up for killed and rimming steels are shown and discussed. The new schedules also involve revised provisions for the quicker removal of ingots from the casting bay, stripping operations, the arrival of ingots at the pits, traffic control. Under the new scheme ingots arrive at the soaking pits at at least 850 C. The changes made in wage rates to correspond with the revised schedules are briefly mentioned and the improvements in transport and metal temperature and in blooming-mill productivity are tabulated. There is I table and I figure.

ASSOCIATION: The Makeyevka Metallurgical Works (Makeevskiy Metallurgicheskiy Zavod)

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress.

Card 1/1

KAPROV, V. V.

KAPROV, V. V. "Metallized wood tubing", Materialy po kommunal. khoz-vu, 1949, Collection 1, p. 34-36.

SO: U-4393, 19 August 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey', No. 22, 1949).

KAPROV, V. V.

KAPROV, V. V. "On the problem of the depth of laying the Leningrad gas pipeline", Materialy po kommunal. khoz-vu, 1949, Collection 2, p. 37-40.

SO: U-4393, 19 August 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey', No. 22, 1949).

GERSHTEYN, Boris Grigor yevich; FAVLOV, Nikolay The brandrovich; KAPROVA, N.S., otv. red.

用建筑生态的全部中国建筑运动等和影响在建筑和平均地域的大空电池全线的影响的全线的处理处理,全面和基础的转换的和维护的电影中的影响的对象。但是自然中心之外

[Automation of processes on the surface of coal mines; a lecture] Avtomatizateiia protsessov na poverkhnosti ugol'nykh shakht; lektsiia. Moskva, Thentr. in-t tekhn. informatsii ugol'noi promyshl., 1962. 32 p. (MIRA 17:10)

LEONOVICH, N.V.; KAPROVA, Yu.D.

Extraction of proteclytic enzymes from malt shoots. Trudy
TSentr. nauch.-issl. inst. piv., bezalk. i vin. prom. no.10:
130-132 *63. (MIRA 17:8)

KAPROWICZ, I.

50th anniversary of the cooperative in Buk. Pt. 2. The Rolnik cooperative until 1939.

p. 8 (Rolink Spoldzielca. Vol. 9 (i.c. 10) no. 3, Jan. 1957. Warszaw, Poland)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC. Vol. 7, no. 2, February 1958

KAPROWSKI, Wieslaw

(Warszawa)

Polish-Czechoslovak seminar at the Warsaw University. Czasop geogr 35 no.28246-247 64

KAPROWSKI, Wieslaw

"Kartographische Nachrichten," no. 1, no.2, no.3, no.4, 1960. Reviewed by Wieslaw Kaprowski. Przegl geod 34 no.12:518-519 D 62.

的最后的企业的企业,但是在1900年的企业的企业,但是是1900年的中国企业的企业的企业的企业的企业。

BYCHAWSKI, Tadeusz, mgr inz.; KLOPOCINSKI, Waclaw, mgr inz.; TYMOWSKI, St, J., mgr inz.; KAPROWSKI, Wieslaw

Survey of books and periodicals. Przegl geod 35 no.10: 439-441 0 '63.

KAPSA, Oldrich

For better use of technical literature in practical application of agricultural science. Vestnik CSAZV 8 no.10:581-584 '61.

1. Ustav vedeckotechnickych informaci Ceskoslovenske akademie zemedelskych ved, Praha.

(Agriculture)

KAPSA, Oldrich; KEIL, Jaroslav, inz.

Scientific technical information, an indivisible part of agricultural research and practice. Vestnik CSAZV 9 no.2: 104-108 '62.

对抗基核联络对抗的不规定性传导的特殊的现象的美国全种关键的种类。1865年增加和根据性的原理,在通过种类型和通过性现象的概律的现在分词使需要的现在分词

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KAPSA, Oldrich; KEIL, Jaroslav, inz.

Cooperation of central agencies of scientific and technical information on agriculture and forestry of socialist countries. Vestnik vyzk zemedel 9 no.8:292-298 162.

1. Ustav vedeckotechnickych informaci, Ministerstvo zemedelstvi, lesniho a vojniho hospodarstvi, Praha.

海南部港口的中央市民共和党党的大学的中国共享公司的大学中国的全国中国共和党的共和党的共和党的共和党的共和党共和党的共和党的共和党的政策的共和党的政策的共和党的共和党

KAPSA, Oldrich

For a better use of information on scientific research in agricultural enterprises. Vestnik vyzk zemedel 9 no.6:301-302 '62.

1. Ustav vedeckotechnickych informaci, Ministerstvo zemedelstvi, lesniho a vodniho hospodarstvi.

KAPSA, Oldrich

The Central Agricultural and Forestry Library extending its service to the agricultural research. Vestnik vyzk zemedel 9 no.11:534-537 '62.

1. Ustav vedeckotechnickych informaci, Ministerstvo zemedelstvi, lesniho a vodniho hospodarstvi.

KAPSA, Oldrich

Technical libraries, a basis for establishment of Scientific, Technical, and Economic Information Units in agricultural enterprises. Vest ust zemedel 10 no.6/7:261-266 163.

1. Ustav vedeckotechnickych informaci Miniszterstva zemedelstvi, lesniho a vodniho hospodarstvi.

KAPSEVICH, A.S.; MYSHAKIN, V.K.

Device for checking sliding calipers. Izm. tekh. no. 1:11-12 Ja '61. (MIRA 14:1)

Plew for cutting turf. Transp. stroi. 7 no.1:30 Ja 157.

(MLRA 10:3)

(Barthwork)

137

KAPSHANINOV, YU.

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

807/5486

Vsesoyuznoye soveshchaniye po vnedreniya radioaktivnykh izotopov i yadernykh izlucheniy v narodnoye khozyaystvo SSSR. Riga, 1960.

Radioaktivnyye izotopy i yadernyye izlucheniya v narodnom khozyaystve SSSR; trudy soveshchaniya v i tomakh. t. 1: Obshchiye voprosy primeneni, a izotopov, pribory s istochnikami radioaktivnykh izlucheniy, radiatsionmaya khimiya, khimicheskaya i neftepererabatyyayushchaya promyshlennost' (Radioactive Isotopes and Ruclear Radiations in the National Economy of the USSR; active Isotopes and Ruclear Radiations in the National Economy of the USSR; Transactions of the Symposium in 4 Volumes. v. 1: General Problems in the Utilization of Isotopes; Instruments With Sources of Radioactive Radiation; Radiation Chemistry; the Chemical and Petroleum-Refining Industry) Moscow, Gostoptekhizdat, 1961. 540 p. 4,140 copies printed.

Sponsoring Agency: Gosudaratvennyy nauchno-tekhnicheskiy komitet Soveta Ministrov SSSR, and Gosudaratvennyy komitet Soveta Ministrov SSSR po ispol'zovaniyu atomnoy energii.

Ed. (Title page): N.A. Petrov, L.I. Petrenko and P.S. Savitskiy; Eds. of this Vol.: L.I. Petrenko, P.S. Savitskiy, V.I. Sinitsin, Ya. M. Kolotyrkin, N.P. Syrkus and R.F. Romm; Executive Eds.: Ye. S. Levina and B. F. Titskaya; Tech. Ed.: E.A. Mukhina.

137

Radioactive Isotopes (Cont.)

60V/5486

PURPOSE: The book is intended for technical personnel concerned with problems of application of radioactive isotopes and nuclear radiation in all branches of the Soviet economy.

COVERAGE: An All-Union Conference on problems in the introduction of radioactive isotopes and nuclear radiation into the national economy of the Soviet Union took place in Riga on 12-16 April 1960. The Conference was sponsored by: the Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-tekhnicheskiy komitet Soveta Ministrov SSSR (State Scientific and Technical Committee of the Council of Ministers, USSR); Glavnoye upravleniye po ispol'zovaniyu atomoy energii pri Sovete Ministrov SSSR (Main Administration for the Utilization of Atomic Energy of the Council of Ministers, USSR); Academy of Sciences, USSR; Gosplan USSR; Gosudarstvennyy komitet Soveta Ministrov SSSR po avtomatizatsii i mashinostroyeniyu (State Committee of the Council of Ministers, USSR, for Automation and Machine Building) and the Council of Ministers of the Latvian SSR. The transactions of this Conference are published in four volumes. Volume I contains articles on the following subjects: the general problems of the Conference topics; the state and prospects of development of radiation chemistry; and results and prospects of applying radioactive isotopes and nuclear radiation in the petroleum refining and chemical industries. Problems of designing and manufacturing instruments which contain sources of radioactive radiation and are used for checking and automation of technological processes are examined, along with problems of accident prevention in their use. No personalities are mentioned. References accompany some of the in their use.

| Radioactive Isotopes (Cont.) | sov/5486 |
|---|------------------|
| Oziraner, S.N., G.A. Gaziyev, M.I. Yanovskiy, V.S. Kornyakov a Yu. I. Kapshaninov. Utilization of Promethium-147 in a Highly Sensitive Ionization Gas Analyzer | nd. 278 |
| Manoylov, V. Ye., Yu. Ya. Loznovskiy, N.I. Osipov, Ye. Kh. Gel'gren, and S.F. Denisov. Installation for Automatic Checki of the Thickness of Polyethylene Film | .ng 283 |
| Votlokhin, B.Z., A.Z. Dorogochinskiy, and N.P. Mel'nikova. Implementation of a Radiometric Method for Checking Successive Pumping of Petroleum and Petroleum Products in Main Pipelines | 288 |
| Alimarin, I.P., Yu. V. Yakovlev, M.N. Shulepnikov, and G.P. Perezhogin. Determination of Small Quantities of Admixtures in Thallium, Gallium, Phosphorus, and Antimony, Using the Method Radioactivating Analysis | in of 293. |
| Gorshteyn, G.I. Application of Radioactive Isotopes for Check the Fractionation of Microimpurities in Developing Methods for Obtaining High-Purity Inorganic Substances Card 11/12 | zing 298 |

SOURCE: AN SSSR. boxiady, v. 163, no. 5, 1965,

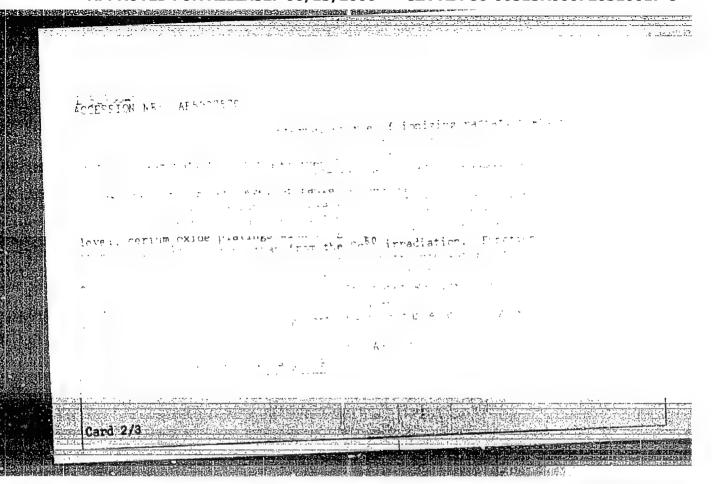
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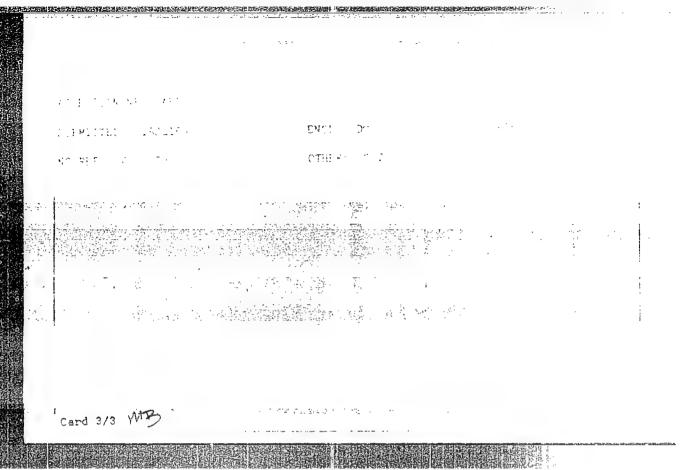
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In one series of experiments Celul isotope (6.2, 2.0 and 20.0)





GROMOV, V.V.; KAPSHANINOV, Yu.I.

Production of highly dispersed electrolytic precipitates of cerium oxide crystals under the effect of irradiation. Dokl. AN SSSR 160 no.5:1111-1113 F 165.

(MIRA 18:2)

1. Institut fizicheskoy khimii AN SSSR. Submitted July 18, 1964.

PODDUBNYY, I.A., inzh.; KAPSHIN, V.G., inzh.

Installing the main engine of a river ship for carrying dry cargo. Sudostroenie 26 no.2:62-63 (208) Feb 160. (MIRA 14:11)

(Marine engines)

KAPSHITSKIY, M.I., inzh.

Protective coatings used in the construction of power systems in the U.S.A. Energ. stroi no.39:96-99 '64. (MIRA 17:11)

KAPSHIVIY, A.A.

S/198/61/007/006/003/008 D299/D301

AUTHORS:

Polozhiy, H.M. and Kapshyvyy, 0.0. (Kyyiv)

TITLE:

On solving the axisymmetric problem of the elasticity

theory for a finite cylinder

PERIODICAL: Prykladna mekhanika, v. 7, no. 6, 1961, 616-625

TEXT: Mixed axisymmetric problems are considered. Proceeding from the general properties of p-analytic functions it is possible to obtain in closed form the solution to several problems of the type under consideration which were solved earlier by other methods. It is noted that by the method used it is sufficient to expand in Fourier series in trigonometric functions only. In cylindrical comordinates x, 9, y, the basic formulas of axisymmetric theory are

$$2\mu (W - iU) = (k + 1) \oint (z) + 2x \frac{\partial \widehat{\Phi}(z)}{\partial x} + \widehat{\Psi}(z)$$
 (1)

Card 1/85

On solving the axisymmetric ...

S/198/61/007/006/003/008 D299/D301

$$R^{*} + iZ^{*} = \left[-2x \frac{\delta \overline{\phi(z)}}{\delta x} - \overline{\psi(z)} \right]_{L} \frac{2\alpha}{x^{2}} \int_{L}^{y} U dy \qquad (2)$$

where

$$k = \frac{\lambda + 3p}{\lambda + p}$$
; $R^* = \int_{L} X_n ds$; $Z^* = \int_{L} xY_n ds$

U/x and W are the components of the displacement vector, L = smooth contour, X_n and Y_n - the projections of the stresses, $\Phi(z)$ and $\Psi(s)$ - arbitrary x-analytic functions of the complex variable z. Let L be a horizontal straight line. By using the operator S^{-1} , one obtains from formulas (1) (2):

Card 2/60

On solving the axisymmetric ...

S/198/61/007/006/003/008 D299/D301

$$2u(w - iu) = (k + 1) \varphi(z) + 2x \frac{\overline{\delta\varphi(z)}}{\delta x} + \overline{\varphi(z)} - \varphi(z) + \overline{\varphi(z)} \qquad (1,a)$$

$$\mathbf{r}^{*} + \mathbf{i}\mathbf{z}^{*} = -2\mathbf{x} \frac{\overline{\partial \mathcal{G}(\mathbf{z})}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} - \overline{\mathcal{G}(\mathbf{z})} + \mathcal{G}(\mathbf{z}) - \overline{\mathcal{G}(\mathbf{z})} + \mathbf{c}(\mathbf{y})$$
 (2,a)

where $f(z) = S^{-1}\overline{\phi}(z) = p + iq$ and $f(z) = S^{-1}f(z)$ are analytic functions. Adding (1,a) and 2,a) one obtains

$$(2uw + r^*) + i(z^* - 2uu) = (k + 1)p(z) + c(y)$$
 (8)

Formula (8) permits determining the boundary values of the harmonic function p(x,y) at the sides 1 and 2 of the rectangle in Fig. 1, provided the normal displacements and tangential stresses at the cylinder ends are given; the function q(x,y) can be determined if the normal stresses and tangential displacements are given. Four Card 3/8 -

S/198/61/007/006/003/008 D299/D301

On solving the axisymmetric ...

specific axisymmetric problems are considered: 1) The normal displacements and tangential stresses are given on the cylinder ends as well as on its lateral surface; in this case one obtains the explicit formulas:

$$\Phi(z) = P + iQ \qquad S\Phi(z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [a_n' \cos \mu_n z - b_n'(i \sin \mu_n z)] - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n'(i \sin \nu_n z) - A'(iz) + \frac{\pi}{2} B,$$

$$\Psi(z) = R + iS = S\Phi(z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [a'_n' \cos \mu_n z - b'_n'(i \sin \mu_n z)] - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c'_n'(i \sin \nu_n z) - A''(iz) + \frac{\pi}{2} B',$$
(14.a)

Card 4/80

S/198/61/007/006/003/008 D299/D301

On solving the axisymmetric ...

2) at the end surfaces, the normal displacements and tangential stresses are given, and at the lateral surface the tangential displacements and normal stresses. The solution of the first 2 problems considerably simplifies the solution of the following 2 problems: 3) Normal displacements and tangential stresses at the cylinder ends, normal and angential stresses at the lateral surface. 4) Normal displacements and tangential stresses at the cylinder ends, normal and tangential displacements at the lateral surface. In a footnote, the authors state that problem 4 has apparently never been solved before. Finally, it is noted that mixed axisymmetric problems with other boundary conditions (for the cylinder under consideration) can be solved explicitly by analogy with the above four problems. There are 1 figure and 9 references: 8 Soviet-bloc and 1 non-Soviet-bloc (in translation).

ASSOCIATION: Kyyivs'kyy derzhavnyy universytet (Kyyiv State Uni-

versity)

SUBMITTED: June 25, 1960

Card 5/8 5

KERSE SOURCE: Ref. zh. Matematika, Abs. 5B393 AUT 1R: Kapshy*vy*y, O, O, TIT On the application of p-analytic functions to the axio-symmetric oí e icity (in Ukrainian, Kussian summary) ملر CIT 3OURCE: V sny*k Ky*vivs'k, un-tu, no. 5, 1962, Ser mater : 76-89 vy*; TOF FAGS: p analytic function, axis symmetric theory, elasticity TRA ATION: On the basis of general formulas of the axis-symmetric 1 8 of expression I the elements of the strainer naivtic functions of the complex variable z = x + 1y with that a me OWJ Zh Mat 1963 2B147] the solution of mixed or blue-DIV ticity for a hollow finite cylinder is given in closed for a contric Card 1/

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series). In relatively simple form (in terms of quadratures) is that solution of the first and second dasic problems of axis-symmetric elasticity for a hollow infinite cylinder.

SUB CODE: MA

ENCL: 00

Card 2/2

KAPSHIVYY, A.A. [Kapshyvyi, 0.0.] (Kiyev)

Using the method of P-analytic functions for the solution of a problem for a laminated cylinder. Prykl. mekh. 9 no.6:670-676 163. (MIRA 16:12)

1. Kiyevskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

..... KAPSHIVYY, A.A.

Use of p-analytic functions in solving boundary value problems in axisymmetric thermoeleasticity theory. Vop. mat. fiz. i teor. (MIRA 18:2) funk, no.1:24-34 64.

BILENKO, D.I.; DEMIDOV, V.K.; KOTELKOV, V.N.; NAZVANOV, V.F.;
NOSOVA, V.A.; ORNATSKAYA, Z.I.; ROKAKH, A.G.; SVERDLOVA,
A.M.; KAPSHTAL', G.G.; KIR'YASHKINA, Z.I., dots., red.;
VINNIKOVA, I.A., red.

[Textbook for practical studies on the physics of semiconductors] Rukovodstvo k prakticheskim zaniatiiam po fizike poluprovodnikov; uchebnoe posobie. [Saratov], Saratovskii univ., 1964. 115 p. (MIRA 18:11)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000720510017-8

ACC NRi AR6022458

SOURCE CODE: UR/0169/66/000/003/B029/B029

AUTHOR: Kapshtal K. N.

TITLE: Size distribution of droplets in a cloud of artificial fog

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Geofiz, Abs. 3B194

REF SOURCE: Dokl. Mosk. s.-kh. akad. im. K. A. Timiryazeva, vyp. 111, ch. 2, 1965,

27-34

TOPIC TAGS: fog, cloud physics

TRANSLATION: The paper describes an investigation of size distribution of water droplets produced with a reflecting atomizer. The droplets are captured on a glass plate coated with a 1:5 mixture of vaseline and vaseline oil. This proportion permits coagulation of the mixture at 15-20°C in about 35 to 45 sec. Actual measurements and calculations show that the size distribution of water droplets in a cloud of artificial fog is normal. A. Halkina.

SUB CODE: 04

UDC: 551.575.1

Cord 1/1

L 13213-63 EWP(q)/BDS/EWT(m) AFFTC DE/MJW/JD S/0076/63/037/006/1275/1280

AUTHOR: Kapshtal', V. N.; Sverdlov, L.M.

565

THIE: Calculation and interpretation of vibrational spectra of diboranes.

1. Deuterium-substituted diboranes.

SOURCE: Zhurnel fizicheskoy khimii, v. 37, no. 6, 1963, 1275-1280

TOPIC TAGS: vibrational spectrum, diborane, deuterium-substituted borane

ABSTRACT: A calculation has been made of the normal vibrating frequencies of 12 partially deuterated diborane derivatives: HDB sup 10 H sub 2 B sup 10 H sub 2 B sup 11 HDB sup 11 H sup 2, D sub 2 B sup 10 DH, trans-HDB sup 10 H sub 2 B sup 10 DH, HDB sup 10 D sub 2 B sup 10 H sub 2, cis-HDB sup 10 D sub 2 B sup 10 DH, HDB sup 11 D sub 2 B sup 11 D sub 2 and D sub 2 B 11 HDB sup 11 D sub 2. An interpretation of the infrared spectra of mono and petadeiterpsibstotited* diboranes has been given. The characteristic frequencies have been determined for various structural groups contained in the deuterosubstituted diboranes. Orig. art. has: 4 tables, 1 diagram and 9 equations.

Association: Saratov Polytechnic Inst.

Card 1/2/

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EPF(c)/EFR/EMP(d)/EMA(c)/EMT(1)/EMT(m) Pc-4/Pr-4/Fe--L 49780-65 IJP(c)/RPL WW/RM UR/0058/65/000/007/707/7 757/ ACCESSION NR: AR5012234 SOURCE: Ref. zh. Fizika, Abs. 3D100 AUTHORS: Bolotina, E. N.; Kapantal', V. N.; Kraynov, Ye. P.; Klochkovskiy, Yu. Y. Kikina, V. S.; Sverdlov, L. M. TITLE: Calculation and interpretation of vibrational spectra of molecules of various classes CITED SOURCE: Tr. Komis. po spektroskopii. AN SSSR, vyp. 1, 1964, 120-124 TOPIC TAGS: vibrational spectrum, organic molecule, isotopic substitute, force field, double bond TRANSLATION: A calculation was made of the normal vibrations, and a complete interpretation is presented for the vibrational spectra of 25 molecules: cyclobutane, spiropentane, thiphane, cis-trans-dimethyldiborane, trimethylborane, Coli, Colo, Frank-CHC, cis-trans-CHF, cis-trans-CHF, and certain capture subscribers the features of the force flow of the Cord 1/2

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ACCESSION ER: AR5012234

cules are clarified. In particular, the strength of the C=C double bond increases upon successive substitution of the H atoms in ethylene by F atoms.

SUB CODE: MP, OF

ERCL: 00

BOD and 2/2

1 11939-66

ACC NR: AP6001656

SOURCE CODE: UR/0051/65/019/006/0977/0978

AUTHOR: Kapshtal V. N.

ORG: None

TITLE: On the determination of supplementary conditions between deformation co-

SOURCE: Optika i spektroskopiya, v. 19, no. 6, 1965, 977-978

,这个不会是,他们也不是是一个人的人,他们也不是一个人,他们也是一个人,他们也是一个人,他们也没有一个人,不会是一个人,我们们也不是一个人,他们也是一个人,他们

TOPIC TAGS: atom, atomic theory, atomic structure

ABSTRACT: Reference is made to a work by Z. Cihla and J. Pliva (Collect. Czechosl. Chem. Communs., 26, 1903, 1961), in which was derived the general formula linking the natural deformation coordinates, formed by n bonds originated from a single atom. In the present paper the author developes a simplified variation of this formula, which can be conveniently used for the solution of a class of oscillating problems. The expression obtained is sufficient for the determination of additional conditions between deformation constants with any number of bonds. Orig. art. has: 6 formulas.

SUB CODE: 20 / SUBM DATE: 25Mar65 / ORIG REF: 001 / OTH REF: 001

HW

Card 1/1

IDC: 535,338,42,001,1

MAINETALL, V.N.; SVERDLOV, L.H.

Calculation and interpretation of the vibration spectra of diborene compounds. Part 2. Smar. (is. kbim. 39 rd.903193-2197 S 165. (MIEA 18:16)

I. Saratovskiy politekladzbeskiy institut.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000720510017-8

AUTHOR: Kapshtal', V. N.

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ORG: Saratov Polytechnic Institute (Saratovskiy politekhnicheskiy institut)

TITLE: Calculation and interpretation of vibration spectra of diborane compounds. III. 1. 1-dimethyldiborane and tetramethyl diborane

SOURCE: Zhurnal fizicheskoy khimii, v. 40, no. 4, 1966, 945-949

TOPIC TAGS: organoboron compound, borane, vibration spectrum, spectrum analysis, molecular spectrum, DIBORANE

ABSTRACT: Data for 1,1-dimethyldiborane are presented in Table 1, and similar data are given for tetramethyl diborane. Vibrational coordinates are plotted graphically. Characteristic frequencies of the molecules in question were identified. The author concludes that the propriety of the selected power coefficients is indicated by his use of a single system of such coefficients to calculate deutero and alkyl substituted diborane derivatives and obtain adequately reliable results. In conclusion, the author thanks L. M. Sverdlov for constant supervision of the work. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 2 tables.

Card 1/2

UDC: 543.42

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| が、 明本 を対すっ すったと | 10 A1 20 B2 27 B2 32 A3 18 U1 18 U2 19 B2 24 B3 24 B4 41 A4 21 B1 20 B2 34 A3 19 B2 | q-(C-II) q-(C-II) q-(C-II) q-(C-II) q-(C-II) q-(B-II) q-(II-II) q-(II-II) q-(II-II) q-(IICII) q-(IICII) q-(IICII) q-(IICII) q-(IICII) q-(IICII) q-(IICII) q-(IICII) q-(IICII) q-(IICII) q-(IICII) q-(IICII) q-(IICII) q-(IICII) | 2945 2944 2944 2944 2868 2856 2595 2595 1537 1608 1435 1435 1435 1435 1435 | 2958 (200) 2841 2494 (450) 2571 (470) 2096 (120) 1704 (44) 1546 (1500) 1441 (130) 1326 (480) | 13 B ₁ A ₁ A ₂ A ₃ A ₄ B ₃ A ₄ B ₄ A ₄ A ₅ B ₆ B ₆ B ₇ A ₄ A ₅ B ₆ B ₇ B ₇ A ₄ A ₄ A ₅ B ₆ B ₇ B ₇ A ₄ A ₄ A ₅ B ₇ B ₇ A ₄ A ₄ A ₅ B ₇ B ₇ B ₈ A ₄ A ₄ A ₅ B ₇ B ₈ A ₄ A ₄ A ₅ A ₆ | Q(B-C) Q(B-C) Q(B-C) Q(B-C) Q(B-C) Q(BBH) B(BCH) B(BCH) B(BCH) A(HBH) B-(HBH) B-(HBH) B-(HBH) B(CBH) Y(CBC) Y(CBC) | 1197 1151 1169 1084 1040 981 943 912 672 838 572 838 549 491 491 363 332 283 | 1212 (26) 1163 (260) ,1126 (210) 1163 (260) 1064 (540) 978 923 (130) 329 (86) | |
| EUB COI | DE: 07/ | SUBM D | ATE: | 28Deo64/ | ORI | G REF: | 003/ | OTH-REF: 006 | |

EWT(1' IJP(c) L 04757-67

ACC NR: AP6025962

SOURCE CODE: UR/0051/66/021/001/0104/0106

AUTHOR: Kapshtal', V. N.

ORG: none

TITLE: Calculation of kinematic coefficients and coriolis constants for molecules with cyclic elements

SOURCE: Optika i spektroskopiya, v. 21, no. 1, 1966, 104-106

TOPIC TAGS: coriolis force, molecular interaction, molecular property, molecular structure, molecular spectrum, complex molecule

ABSTRACT: The author compiled tables of coefficients for kinematic interactions $A_{\nu,1}$ and for the elements of a matrix C^{α} utilized for calculation of coriolis interactions in complex molecules with cyclic elements. The calculations were carried out utilizing the following expressions:

$$A_{kl} = \sum_a \epsilon_a s_{ka} s_{la} s_{la}, \qquad C_{kl}^a = \sum_a \epsilon_a l(s_{ka} s_{la}) e_a,$$

Here k, l are the numbers of the natural coordinates, a indicates the atoms common to these coordinates, s_{ka} , s_{la} are transformation vectors for shifting of the atoms

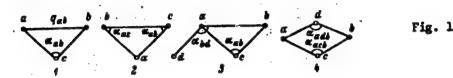
UDC: 539.194.001.24

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L 04757-67

ACC NR: AP6025962

from Cartesian to natural coordinates, ε_{α} is the inverse atomic mass, ε_{α} are the unit vectors (a=x,y,z). The expressions for the elements of the expanded form of these equations for eleven most common types of interaction of natural coordinates are tabulated. There are, however, four additional types of interactions encountered in complex molecules with cyclic elements, as shown in figure 1.

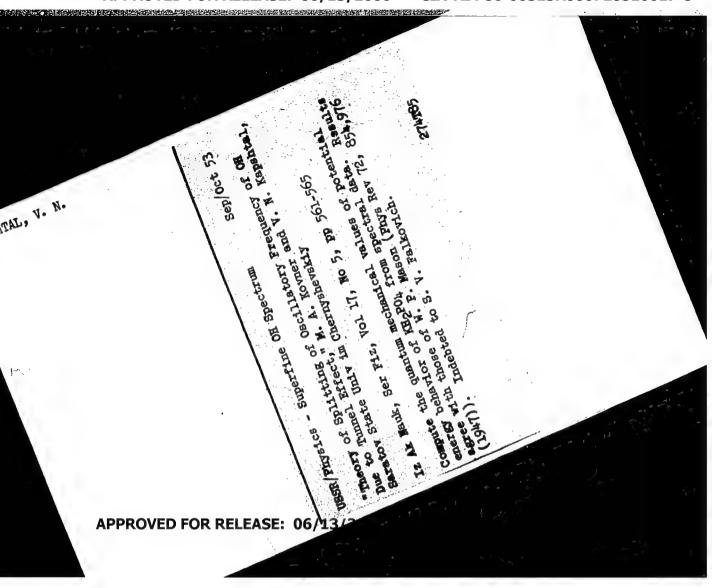


The author derived both the general and the explicit expressions for A_{kl} and C^{0} for each of the interactions shown in figure 1. Orig. art. has: 1 figure, 2 tables, 2 formulas.

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBH DATE: 22Nov65/ ORIG REF: 003/ OTH REF: 001

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Card 2/2



S/138/59/000/011/009/011 A051/A029

AUTHORS:

Gorelik, B. M.; Chelyshev, V. V.; Kapshtyk, V. I.

TITLE:

Some of the Technical Factors Which Determine the Quality of

Calendering 16

PERIODICAL: Kauchuk i Rezina, 1959, No. 11, pp. 49-51.

TEXT: The problem of determining the optimum degree of polishing required of the surface in calender machine rollers is studied. A method is offered for determining this factor and the effect of the polishing degree on the calendering of the rubber. Several functioning calendering machines in various rubber-producing plants were investigated and certain conclusions drawn. The profilometer KB-7 (KV-7) shown in a photograph was used for determining the degree of polishing in the surface of the calender rollers (type 740). The measurements were carried out at 25-40°C and the method is given in detail. The optimum value was found to be within the range of the 6-7 class (according to FOCT 2789-51 (GOST-2789-51)) for mass-produced rubbers. The polishing degree of the roller surfaces in various plants was highly varied, i.e., within the range of 5-9th class. The rollers in the

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S/138/59/000/011/009/011 A051/A029

Some of the Technical Factors Which Determine the Quality of Calendering

same calender can be of various degrees of polishing. If the degree of polishing is too high, i.e., above the optimum value, the calendering of the rubber can be impaired, e.g. the formation of bubbles on the rubber's surface can take place. It was found that the productivity on the fourand five-roller calenders, as compared to that of the three-roller ones is higher by about a factor of two and sometimes three. The four-and fiveroller calenders with removable rollers have an advantage over the threeand four-roller calenders with a vertical presentation of the rollers, viz., when the feeding takes place from two sides, the rubber is folded on the calender itself. This helps to produce rubber without bubbles. If the surface is underpolished the resultant calendered rubber is of a low quality, having scratches, creases, etc. This also causes the processed material to stick to the rough surface, making the work more difficult. Calendering machines with thin-walled rollers have an advantage over those with thickwalled rollers in that they can be used for producing rubber of a greater variety. It is difficult to manufacture rubbers, such as the polychloroprene type requiring low temperatures, on the thick-walled roller calenders.

Card 2/3

S/138/59/000/011/009/011

Some of the Technical Factors Which Determine the Quality of Calendering

G. A. Polivektov and I. S. Kheyfets took part in the work. There is

ASSOCIATION: Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut rezinovoy promyshlennosti (Scientific Research Institute of the Rubber Industry)

Card 3/3

GORELIK, B.M.; BUKHINA, M.F.; KAPSHTYK, V.I.; RATNER, A.V.; MAYOROVA, A.S.
Rubber sealing rings. Standartizatsiia 25 no.3:49-50 Mr 161.
(MIRA 14:3)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000720510017-8

L 29115-65 EWT(m)/EWP(j) Pc-4 RK

ACCESSION NR: AP5005393

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ACTROPS: Continue of the conti

TITLE: The effect of the vulcanizing group and the addition of uncrystalization of cured rupper from natural rubber &

SOURCE: East a contract of the total

TOPIC TAGS: rubber, vulcanization

ABSTRACT: The authors investigated the effect of vulcanization latter the formula was

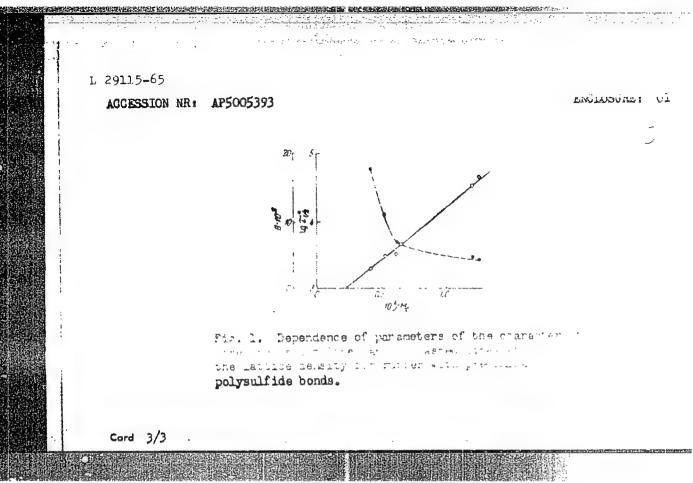
office of the first of the control o

crystall./atln. | Decoupartements of many for the local section of the company of

a given temperature. The relationships also with the re-

rubber that has predominant polysuifide bonds, ros 11/2 greatly limited Cord 1/3

1:29115-65 ACCESSION NR: AP5005393 increase in lattice denning. For rubber with president rubber with peroxide vulcanization the increase in los Ton is much asset. parameter B increases with increase in lattice density in rubber of the first type, but it remains practically constant in rubber of the second group. The pattern observed for unfilled rubber for the effect of lattice density on retaining lization to the same as for filled rubber. The promoduction TA ... - The transfer section of organ ar tat. (Scientific Research Institute of the his er Industry) 127 - 1 Remark Williams Acres 1 1 1 1 Card 2/3



GORELIK, B.M.; RATNER, A.V.; BUKHINA, M.F.; KAPSHTYK, V. (.

Studying the testing butt joints and rubbers for asbestos cement water pipes. Kauch.i rez. 21 no.7:19-23 J1 62. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut rezinovoy promyshlennosti.
(Water pipes) (Rubber goods)

L 29191-66

ACC NR: AP6019083

SOURCE CODE: UR/0239/65/051/005/0626/0627

AUTHOR: Kapshuk, A. P.; Tsapenko, V. F.

1/2

ORG: Laboratory of Pathogenesis and Pathogenetic Therapy, Ukrainian Institute of Experimental and Clinical Oncology, Kiev (Laboratoriy patogenesa i patogeneticheskoy terapii Ukrainskogo instituta eksperimental noy i klinicheskoy onkologii)

TITLE: Technique of electrode implantation for electroencephalographic studies

SOURCE: Fiziologicheskiy zhurnal SSSR, v. 51, no. 5, 1965, 626-627 TOPIC TAGS: rabbit, EEG, brain, electrode, electrophysiology

ABSTRACT: Trepanation of the skull to affix a block containing electrodes may injure the brain and affect the EEG. To prevent injury to the brain, the following method is used. After a section of skin and the periosteum under it have been removed from the skull of ansathetized rabbits, needle electrodes made of stainless steel are pressed in through the bone of the skull. The electrode needles are equipped with metal eleves. After the needle electrodes have been inserted into the skull, medical styracryl is applied to the bone. The styracryl on hardening holds the electrodes firmly in place. Orig. art. has: 2 figures.

SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: 08Aug63/ ORIG REF: 004 / OTH REF: 002

d 1/1 BLG UDC: 612.822.3.087

KAPSHUK G. inzhener.

Revise the system of planning and repair of equipment in grain procurement stations. Muk.-elsv.prom. 22 no.6:30 Je 156.
(MIRA 9:9)

l.Kamenskaya oblastnaya kontora Zagotzerno. (Grain elevators)

KAPSHUK, G., inzh.

A complex system for the manufacture of antibiotics. Muk.-elev. prom. 28 no.6:21-22 Je *62. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Rostovskoye otdeleniye Gosudarstvennogo proyektnogo instituta po proyektirovaniyu mukomol'noy promyshlennosti.

(Antibiotics—Equipment and supplies)

KARDHUKOV, S.C.

Sourse adopted by the party in the speeding up of the development of chemistry. Frudy LTITSBP no.15:166-169 165.

(MIRA 18:8)

Garage of the free show 2 Tepan PAPSHIFE E

KAPSHUKOV, Stepan Gavrilovich; ZASIAVSKIY, B.Ye., red.; PUIYALH, A.I., red. SIEDHEV, I.P., red.; SOLOMONIK, R.L., tekhn.red.

[The struggle of the Bolshevik party for the army during the first World War, 1914 - March 1917] Bor'ba bol'shevitskoi partii za armiiu v period Pervoi Mirovoi voiny, 1914 g. - mart 1917 g.)
Moskva, Voen. izd-vo M-va obor. SSSR, 1957. 162 p. (MIRA 11:2)
(Gommunist Party of the Soviet Union--Party work) (Russia-Army)

KAPSHUKOV, I.I.; UGAY, Ya.A.

Asymmetry of Kel, 2 lines of zinc in its semiconductor compounds with antimony. Fiz. tver. tela 3 no.1:100-102 Ja '61.

(MIRA 14:3)

1. Voronezhskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet. (Zinc antimonide)